Administrative Structure of the Democratic Republic of the Congo

As of September 2022

Prepared by the Global Network of Women Peacebuilders as part of the "Context-specific Mapping of Peacebuilding Policies, Initiatives and Actors" in Cameroon, the Democratic Republic of Congo, Papua New Guinea and Yemen, supported by the U.S. Department of State Secretary’s Office of Global Women’s Issues.
The Democratic Republic of Congo has a semi-presidential system, in which the Head of State is elected by universal suffrage and has his own prerogatives. In addition, the Government[1] is accountable to the Parliament. The Democratic Republic of Congo is a state governed by the rule of law and is currently governed by the Constitution of 18 February 2006[2]. The judiciary is composed of different courts (Peace Court, High Court, Labor Court and Commercial Court), which represent the first authority, followed by the Courts of Appeal as a second authority and, finally, the Constitutional Court, the Court of Cassation and the Council of State.

Administrative Structure

26 Provinces

Territory

- Sector
  - Groupement
    - Village

- Chiefdom
  - Groupement
    - Village

- Rural Municipality
  - Quarter
    - Incorporated Groupement
      - Road
        - Village

City

- Urban Municipality
  - Quarter
  - Incorporated Groupement
    - Village